THE ASEAN COMMON TECHNICAL DOSSIER (ACTD) FOR
THE REGISTRATION OF PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN
USE

PART III: NONCLINICAL DOCUMENT
THE ASEAN COMMON TECHNICAL DOSSIER (ACTD) FOR THE REGISTRATION OF PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

PART III: NONCLINICAL DOCUMENT

PREAMBLE

Part III should provide the Nonclinical Overview*, followed by the Nonclinical Written Summaries and the Nonclinical Tabulated Summaries. The document of this part is not required for Generic Products, Minor Variation Products and some Major Variation Products. For ASEAN member countries, the Study Reports of this part may not be required for NCE, Biotechnological Products and other Major Variation Products if the Original Products are already registered and approved for market authorisation in Reference Countries\(^1\). Therefore, the authority who requires Study Reports should ask for the necessary documents.

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\(^1\) Reference Countries: to be defined by ASEAN member states. (Marketing +Registered country & Listed)

*It should be noted that protection of animals in the conduct of nonclinical studies should be taken into consideration to avoid unnecessary use of animals.
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A list of references used, stated in accordance with 1979 “Vancouver Declaration” on “Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals”, or the system used in “Chemical Abstracts”, should be provided. Copies of important references cited in the Nonclinical Overview should be provided in this section. All references that have not been provided should be available upon request.
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*Adapted from ICH-CTD on Nonclinical Overview
GUIDE ON NONCLINICAL OVERVIEW AND SUMMARIES:

This guide provides recommendations for the harmonisation of the Nonclinical Overview, Nonclinical Written and Tabulated Summaries.

The primary purpose of nonclinical written and tabulated summaries should be to provide a comprehensive, factual synopsis of the nonclinical data. The interpretation of the data, the clinical relevance of the findings, cross-linking with the quality aspects of the pharmaceutical, and the implications of the nonclinical findings for the safe use of the pharmaceutical (i.e. as applicable to labelling) should be addressed in the nonclinical overview.

SECTION B: NONCLINICAL OVERVIEW

The nonclinical overview should provide an integrated, overall analysis of the information in the Common Technical Document.

1. GENERAL ASPECTS

The nonclinical overview should present an integrated and critical assessment of the pharmacologic, pharmacokinetic, and toxicologic evaluation of the pharmaceutical. Where relevant guidances on the conduct of studies exist, these should be taken into consideration, and any deviation from these guidances should be discussed and justified. The nonclinical testing strategy should be discussed and justified. There should comment on the good laboratory practice (GLP) status of the studies submitted. Any association between nonclinical findings and the quality characteristics of the human pharmaceutical, the results of clinical trials, or effects seen with related products should be indicated, as appropriate.

Except for biotechnology-derived products, an assessment of the impurities and degradants present in the drug substance and product should be included, along with what is known of their potential pharmacologic and toxicologic effects. This assessment should form part of the justification for proposed impurity limits in the drug substance and product and be appropriately cross-referenced to the quality documentation. The implications of any differences in the chirality, chemical form, and impurity profile between the compound used in the nonclinical studies and the product to be marketed should be discussed. For biotechnology-derived products, comparability of material used in nonclinical and clinical studies and proposed for marketing should be assessed. If a drug product includes a novel excipient, an assessment of the information regarding the excipient’s safety should be provided.

Relevant, scientific literature and the properties of related products should be taken into account. If details references to published, scientific literature are to be used in place of studies conducted by the applicant, this should be supported by an appropriate justification that reviews the design of the studies and any deviations from available guidances. In addition, the availability of information on the quality of batches of drug substances used in these referenced studies should be discussed.

The Nonclinical Overview should contain appropriate reference citations to the Tabulated Summaries in the following format: (Table X.X, Study/Report Number).
2. CONTENT AND STRUCTURAL FORMAT

The Nonclinical Overview should be presented in the following sequence:

NONCLINICAL OVERVIEW
1. Overview of the Nonclinical Testing Strategy
2. Pharmacology
3. Pharmacokinetics
4. Toxicology
5. Integrated Overview and Conclusions
6. List of Literature Citations

Studies conducted to establish the pharmacodynamic effects, the mode of action, and potential side effects should be evaluated, and consideration should be given to the significance of any issues that arise.

The assessment of the pharmacokinetic, toxicokinetic, and metabolism data should address the relevance of the analytical methods used, the pharmacokinetic models, and the derived parameters. It might be appropriate to cross-refer to more detailed consideration of certain issues within the pharmacology or toxicology studies (e.g., impact of the disease states, changes in physiology, antiprodut antibodies, cross-pieces consideration of toxicokinetic data). Inconsistencies in the data should be discussed. Inter-species comparisons of metabolism and systemic exposure comparisons in animals and humans (AUC, Cmax, and other appropriate parameters) should be discussed and the limitations and utility of the nonclinical studies for prediction of potential adverse effects in humans highlighted.

The onset, severity, and duration of the toxic effects, their dose dependency and degree of reversibility (or irreversibility), and species- or gender-related differences should be evaluated and important features discussed, particularly with regard to:

- Pharmacodynamics
- Toxic signs
- Causes of death
- Pathologic findings
- Genotoxic activity ---- the chemical structure of the compound, its mode of action, and its relationship to known genotoxic compounds
- Carcinogenic potential in the context of the chemical structure of the compound, its relationship to known carcinogens, its genotoxic potential, and the exposure data
- Carcinogenic potential in the context of the chemical structure of the compound, its relationship to known carcinogens, its genotoxic potential, and the exposure data
- The carcinogenic risk to humans – if epidemiologic data are available, they should be taken into account
- Fertility, embryofoetal development, pre- and postnatal toxicity
- Studies in juvenile animals
- The consequences of use before and during pregnancy, during lactation, and during paediatric development
- Local tolerance
- Other toxicity studies and/or studies to clarify special problems
The evaluation of toxicology studies should be arranged in a logical order so that all relevant data elucidating a certain effect and/or phenomenon are brought together. Extrapolation of the data from animals to humans should be considered in relation to:
- Animal species used
- Numbers of animals used
- Routes of administration employed
- Dosages used
- Duration of treatment or of the study
- Systemic exposures in the toxicology species at no observed adverse effect levels and at toxic doses, in relation to the exposures in humans at the maximum recommended human dose. Tables or figures summarising this information are recommended
- The effect of the drug substance observed in nonclinical studies in relation to that expected or observed in humans

If alternatives to whole animal experiments are employed, their scientific validity should be discussed.

The integrated overview and conclusions should clearly define the characteristics of the human pharmaceutical, as demonstrated by the nonclinical studies, and arrive at logical, well-argued conclusions supporting the safety of the product for the intended clinical use. Taking the pharmacology, pharmacokinetics, and toxicology results into account, the implications of the nonclinical findings for the safe human use of the pharmaceutical should be discussed (i.e. as applicable to labelling).

SECTION C: NONCLINICAL WRITTEN AND TABULATED SUMMARIES

1. GUIDANCE ON NONCLINICAL WRITTEN SUMMARIES

1.1 Introduction

This guidance is intended to assist authors in the preparation of nonclinical pharmacology, pharmacokinetics and toxicology written summaries in an appropriate format. This guidance is not intended to indicate what studies required. It merely indicates an appropriate format for the nonclinical data that have been acquired.

The sequence and content of the Nonclinical Written Summary sections are described below. It should be emphasised that no guidance can cover all eventualities, and common sense and a clear focus on the needs of the regulatory assessor are the best guides to constructing a document. Therefore, applicants can modify the format, if needed, to provide the best possible presentation of the information and to facilitate the understanding and evaluation of the results.

Whenever appropriate, age- and gender-related effects should be discussed. Relevant findings with stereoisomers and/or metabolites should be included, as appropriate. Consistent use of units throughout the Nonclinical Written Summaries will facilitate their review. A table for converting units might be also useful.

In the Discussion and Conclusion sections, information should be integrated across studies and across species, and exposure in the test animals should be related to exposure in humans given the maximum intended doses
1.2 General Presentation Issues

Order of Presentation of Information Within Sections

When available, *in vitro* studies should precede *in vivo* studies. Where multiple studies of the same type are summarised within the Pharmacokinetics and Toxicology sections, studies should be ordered by species, by route, and then by duration (shortest duration first).

Species should be ordered as follows:
- Mouse
- Rat
- Hamster
- Other rodent
- Rabbit
- Dog
- Nonhuman primate
- Other nonrodent mammal
- Nonmammals

Routes of administration should be ordered as follows:
- The intended route for human use
- Oral
- Intravenous
- Intramuscular
- Intraperitoneal
- Subcutaneous
- Inhalation
- Topical
- Other

Use of Tables and Figures

Although the Nonclinical Written Summaries are envisaged to be composed mainly of text, some information contained within them might be more effectively and/or concisely communicated through the use of appropriate tables or figures.

To allow authors flexibility in defining the optimal structure for the written summaries, tables and figures should preferably be included within the text. Alternately, they could be grouped together at the end of each of the Nonclinical Written Summaries.

Throughout the text, reference citations to the Tabulated Summaries should be included in the following format: (Table X.X, Study/Report Number).

Length of Nonclinical Written Summaries

Although there is no formal limit to the length of the Nonclinical Written Summaries, it is recommended that the total length of the three Nonclinical Written Summaries in general not exceed 100-150 pages.

Sequence of Written Summaries and Tabulated Summaries

The following order is recommended:
- Introduction
- Pharmacology written summary
- Pharmacology tabulated summary
2. CONTENT OF NONCLINICAL WRITTEN AND TABULATED SUMMARIES

Introduction

The aim of this section should be to introduce the reviewer to the pharmaceutical and to its proposed clinical use. The following key elements should be covered:
- Brief information concerning the pharmaceutical’s structure (preferably, a structure diagram should be provided) and pharmacologic properties
- Information concerning the pharmaceutical’s proposed clinical indication, dose, and duration of use

2.1 Pharmacology

2.1.1 Written Summary

Within the Pharmacology Written Summary, the data should be presented in the following sequence:
- Brief summary
- Primary pharmacodynamics
- Secondary pharmacodynamics
- Safety pharmacology
- Pharmacodynamic drug interactions
- Discussion and conclusions
- Tables and figures (either here or included in text)

Brief Summary

The principal findings from the pharmacology studies should be briefly summarised in approximately two to three pages. This section should begin with a brief description of the content of the pharmacologic data package, pointing out any notable aspects such as the inclusion and/or exclusion of particular data (e.g. lack of an animal model).

2.1.1.1 Primary Pharmacodynamics

Studies on primary pharmacodynamics should be summarised and evaluated. Where possible, it would be helpful to relate the pharmacology of the drug to available data (e.g. selectivity, safety, potency) on other drugs in the class.

2.1.1.2 Secondary Pharmacodynamics

Studies on secondary pharmacodynamics should be summarised by organ system, where appropriate, and evaluated in this section.

2.1.1.3 Safety Pharmacology

Safety pharmacology studies should be summarised and evaluated in this section. In some cases, secondary pharmacodynamic studies can contribute to the safety evaluation
when they predict or assess potential adverse effects in humans. In such cases, these secondary pharmacodynamic studies should be considered, along with safety pharmacology studies.

2.1.1.4 Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions

If they have been performed, pharmacodynamic drug interaction studies should be briefly summarised in this section.

Discussion and Conclusions

This section provides an opportunity to discuss the pharmacologic evaluation and to consider the significance of any issues that arise.

Tables and Figures

Text tables and figures can be included at appropriate points throughout the summary within the text. Alternatively, tables and figures can be included at the end of the summary.

2.1.2 Pharmacology Tabulated Summary (see Appendix A)

2.2 Pharmacokinetics

2.2.1 Written Summary

The sequence of the Pharmacokinetics Written Summary should be as follows:
- Brief Summary
- Method of analysis
- Absorption
- Distribution
- Metabolism
- Excretion
- Pharmacokinetic drug interactions
- Other pharmacokinetic studies
- Discussion and conclusions
- Tables and figures (either here or included in text)

Brief Summary

The principal findings from the pharmacokinetics studies should be briefly summarised in approximately two or three pages. This section should begin with a description of the scope of the pharmacokinetic evaluation, emphasizing, for example, whether the species and strains examined were those used in the pharmacology ad toxicology evaluations, and whether the formulations used were similar or identical.

Method of Analysis

This section should contain a brief summary of the methods of analysis for biological samples, including the detection and quantification limits of an analytical procedure. If possible, validation data for the analytical method and stability of biological samples should be discussed in this section. The potential impact of different methods of analysis on the interpretation of the results should be discussed in the following relevant sections.
2.2.1.1 Absorption

The following data should be summarised in this section:
- Absorption (extent and rate of absorption, in vivo and in situ studies)
- Kinetic parameters, bioequivalence and/or bioavailability (serum/plasma/blood PK studies)

2.2.1.2 Distribution

The following data should be summarised in this section
- Tissue distribution studies
- Protein binding and distribution in blood cells
- Placental transfer studies

2.2.1.3 Metabolism (inter-species comparison)

The following data should be summarised in this section:
- Chemical structures and quantities of metabolites in biological samples
- Possible metabolic pathways
- Presystemic metabolism (GI/hepatic first-pass effects)
- In vitro metabolism including P450 studies
- Enzyme induction and inhibition

2.2.1.4 Excretion

The following data should be summarised in this section:
- Routes and extent of excretion
- Excretion in milk

2.2.1.5 Pharmacokinetic Drug Interaction’

If they have been performed, nonclinical pharmacokinetic drug interaction studies (in vitro and/or in vivo) should be briefly summarised in this section.

2.2.1.6 Other Pharmacokinetic Studies

If studies have been performed in nonclinical models of disease (e.g. renally impaired animals), if they should be summarised in this section.

Discussion and Conclusions

This section provides an opportunity to discuss the pharmacokinetic evaluation and to consider the significance of any issues that arise.

Tables and Figures

Text tables and figures can be included at appropriate points throughout the summary within the text. Alternatively, there is the option of including tables and figures at the end of the summary.
2.2.2 Pharmacokinetics Tabulated Summary (see Appendix A)

2.3 Toxicology

2.3.1 Written Summary

The sequence of the Toxicology Written Summary should be as follows:
- Brief summary
- Single-dose toxicity
- Repeat-dose toxicity
- Genotoxicity
- Carcinogenicity
- Reproductive and developmental toxicity
- Studies in juvenile animals
- Local Tolerance
- Other toxicity studies
- Discussion and conclusions
- Tables and figures (either here or included in text)

Brief Summary

The principal findings from the toxicology studies should be briefly summarised in a few pages (generally not more than six). In this section, the extent of the toxicologic evaluation can be indicated by the use of a table listing the principal toxicologic studies (results should not be presented in this table), for example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study type and duration</th>
<th>Route of administration</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Compound administered*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single-dose toxicity</td>
<td>Po and iv</td>
<td>Rat and mouse</td>
<td>Parent drug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-dose toxicity</td>
<td>Po and iv</td>
<td>Rat and mouse</td>
<td>Metabolite X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeat-dose toxicity</td>
<td>po</td>
<td>Rat and dog</td>
<td>Parent drug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 month</td>
<td>po</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Parent drug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 month</td>
<td>po</td>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>Parent drug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 month</td>
<td>po</td>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>Parent drug</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This column should be included only if metabolites are investigated.

The scope of the toxicologic evaluation should be described in relation to the proposed clinical use. A comment on the GLP status of the studies should be included.

2.3.1.1 Single-dose Toxicity

The single-dose data should be very briefly summarised, in order by species and by route. In some instances, it may be helpful to provide the data in the form of a table.

2.3.1.2 Repeat-Dose Toxicity

Studies should be summarised in order by species, by route, and by duration, giving brief details of the methodology and highlighting important findings (e.g. nature and severity of target organ toxicity, dose (exposure) and/or response relationships, no observed
adverse effect levels). Nonpivotal studies can be summarised in less detail (pivotal studies are the definitive GLP studies specified by ICH guidance M3).

2.3.1.3 Genotoxicity

Studies should briefly summarised in the following order:
- \textit{In vitro} nonmammalian cell system
- \textit{In vitro} mammalian cell system
- \textit{In vivo} mammalian system (including supportive toxicokinetics evaluation)
- Other systems

2.3.1.4 Carcinogenicity (Including supportive toxicokinetics evaluation)

A brief rationale should explain why the studies were chosen and the basis for high-dose selection. Individual studies should be summarised in the following order:
- Long-term studies (in order by species), including range-finding studies that cannot appropriately be included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics
- Short- or medium-term studies (including range-finding studies that cannot appropriately be included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics)
- Other studies

2.3.1.5 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity (including range-finding studies and supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)

Studies should be summarised in the following order, giving brief details of the methodology and highlighting important findings:
- Fertility and early embryonic development
- Embryofetal development
- Prenatal and postnatal development, including maternal function
- Studies in which the offspring (juvenile animals) are dosed and/or further evaluated if such studies have been conducted

If modified study designs are used, the subheadings should be modified accordingly.

2.3.1.6 Local tolerance

If local tolerance studies have been performed, they should be summarised in order by species, by route, and by duration, giving brief details of the methodology and highlighting important findings.

2.3.1.7 Other Toxicity Studies (if available)

If other studies have been performed, they should be summarised. When appropriate, the rationale for conducting the studies should be provided.
- Antigenicity
- Immunotoxicity
- Mechanistic studies (if not reported elsewhere)
- Dependence
- Studies on metabolites
- Studies on impurities
- Other studies
Discussion and Conclusions

This section should provide an opportunity to discuss the toxicologic evaluation and the significance of any issues that arise. Tables or figures summarising this information are recommended.

Tables and Figures

Text tables and figures can be included at appropriate points throughout the summary within the text. Alternatively, tables and figures can be included at the end of the summary.

2.3.2 Toxicology Tabulated Summary (see Appendix A)

3. GUIDANCE ON NONCLINICAL TABULATED SUMMARIES

It is recommended that summary tables for the nonclinical information in the Common Technical Document be provided in the format outlined in this guidance. Applicants can modify the format, if warranted, to provide the best possible presentation of the information and to facilitate the understanding and evaluation of the results.

This guidance is not intended to indicate what studies are requested, but solely to advise how to tabulate study results if a study is performed. Applicants can add some items to or delete some items from the cited format, where appropriate. One tabular format can contain results from several studies. Alternatively, it may be appropriate to cite the data resulting from one study in several tabular formats.

The recommended formats for the tables in the Nonclinical Tabulated Summaries are provided in Appendices A, which follow. Appendix A contains templates for use in preparation of the tables. The templates are annotated (in italics) to provide guidances on their preparation. (The italicised information should be deleted when the tables are prepared). However, it is the responsibility of the applicant to decide on the best possible presentation of the data for each product. Authors should keep in mind that, in some regions, a review of the Tabulated Summaries (in conjunction with the Written Summaries) represents the primary review of the nonclinical information. Presentation of the data in the formats provided as templates and examples should ensure that a sufficient level of detail is available to the reviewer and should provide concise overviews of related information.

When a juvenile animal study has been conducted, it should be tabulated using the template appropriate for the type of study.

The order of presentation given for the Nonclinical Written Summaries should be followed for the preparation of the tables for the Nonclinical Tabulated Summaries.
SECTION D: NONCLINICAL STUDY REPORTS

For ASEAN member countries, the Study Reports of this part may not be required for NCE, Biotechnological Products and other Major Variation Products if the Original Products are already registered and approved for market authorisation in Reference Countries\(^3\). This guidance presents an agreed upon format for the organisation of the nonclinical reports in the Common Technical Document for applications that will be submitted to regulatory authorities. This guidance is not intended to indicate what studies are required. It merely indicates an appropriate format for the nonclinical data that have been acquired.

The appropriate location for individual animal data is in the study report or as an appendix to the study report.

1. TABLE OF CONTENTS

A Table of Contents should be provided that lists all of the Nonclinical Study Reports and gives the location of each study report in the Common Technical Document.

2. PHARMACOLOGY

2.1 Written Study Reports

The study reports should be presented in the following order:

2.1.1 Primary Pharmacodynamics
2.1.2 Secondary Pharmacodynamics
2.1.3 Safety Pharmacology
2.1.4 Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions

3. PHARMACOKINETICS

3.1 Written Study Reports

The study reports should be presented in the following order:

3.1.1 Analytical Methods and Validation Reports (if separate reports are available)
3.1.2 Absorption
3.1.3 Distribution
3.1.4 Metabolism
3.1.5 Excretion
3.1.6 Pharmacokinetic Drug Interactions (nonclinical)
3.1.7 Other Pharmacokinetic Studies

4. TOXICOLOGY

4.1 Written Study Reports

The study reports should be presented in the following order:

\(^3\) Reference Countries: to be defined ASEAN member states. (Marketing +Registered country & Listed)

*It should be noted that protection of animals in the conduct of nonclinical studies should be taken into consideration to avoid unnecessary use of animals.
4.1.1 Single-Dose Toxicity (in order by species, by route)

4.1.2 Repeat-Dose Toxicity (in order by species, by route, by duration, including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)

4.1.3 Genotoxicity
   4.1.3.1 In vitro
   4.1.3.2 In vivo (including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)

4.1.4 Carcinogenicity (including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)
   4.1.4.1 Long-term studies (in order by species, including range-finding studies that cannot appropriately be included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics)
   4.1.4.2 Short- or medium-term studies (including range-finding studies that cannot appropriately be included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics)
   4.1.4.3 Other studies

4.1.5 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity (including range-finding studies and supportive toxicokinetics evaluations) (If modified study designs are used, the following subheadings should be modified accordingly).
   4.1.5.1 Fertility and early embryonic development
   4.1.5.2 Embryofetal development
   4.1.5.3 Prenatal and postnatal development, including maternal function
   4.1.5.4 Studies in which offspring (juvenile animals) are dosed and/or further evaluated

4.1.6 Local Tolerance

4.1.7 Other Toxicity Studies (if available)
   4.1.7.1 Antigenicity
   4.1.7.2 Immunotoxicity
   4.1.7.3 Mechanistic studies (if not included elsewhere)
   4.1.7.4 Dependence
   4.1.7.5 Metabolites
   4.1.7.6 Impurities
   4.1.7.7 Other

SECTION E: LIST OF KEY LITERATURE REFERENCES

APPENDIX A: THE NONCLINICAL TABULATED SUMMARIES TEMPLATE

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   2.1.2.1 Pharmacology: Overview
   2.1.2.2 Primary Pharmacodynamics*
   2.1.2.3 Secondary Pharmacodynamics*
   2.1.2.4 Safety Pharmacology
   2.1.2.5 Pharmacodynamic Drug Interaction*

2.2.2 Pharmacokinetics
   2.2.2.1 Pharmacokinetics: Overview
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   2.2.2.6 Pharmacokinetics: Plasma Protein Binding
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2.3.2.4 Toxicology: Drug Substance
2.3.2.5 Single-Dose Toxicity
2.3.2.6 Repeat-Dose Toxicity: Nonpivotal Studies
2.3.2.7 Repeat-Dose Toxicity: Pivotal Studies
2.3.2.8 Genotoxicity: In Vitro
2.3.2.9 Genotoxicity: In Vivo
2.3.2.10 Carcinogenicity
2.3.2.11 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Nonpivotal Studies
2.3.2.12 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Fertility and Early Embryonic Development to Implantation (Pivotal)
2.3.2.13 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Effects on Embryofetal Development (Pivotal)
2.3.2.14 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Effects on Pre- and Postnatal Development, Including Maternal Function (Pivotal)
2.3.2.15 Tolerance
2.3.2.16 Other Toxicity Studies

*: Tabulated summary is optional. It is preferable to include text tables and figures with the Nonclinical Written Summary.
### 2.1.2 Pharmacology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Study</th>
<th>Test System</th>
<th>Method of Administration</th>
<th>Testing Facility</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary Pharmacodynamics</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Pharmacodynamics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety Pharmacology</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
(1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN)
(2) There should be one line for each pharmacology report, in the same order as the CTD. Reports that contain a GLP Compliance Statement should be identified in a footnote.
(3) The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.
(4) Or Report Number (on all tables).
### 2.1.2.4 Safety Pharmacology (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organ Systems Evaluated</th>
<th>Species / Strain</th>
<th>Method of Admin.</th>
<th>Doses(^a) (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Gender and No. per Group</th>
<th>GLP Compliance</th>
<th>Study Number (3)</th>
<th>Noteworthy Findings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Notes:

1. All safety pharmacology studies should be summarised.
2. International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
3. Or Report Number (on all tables)
   a – Single dose unless specified otherwise.
### 2.2.2 Pharmacokinetics

#### Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Study</th>
<th>Test System</th>
<th>Method of Administration</th>
<th>Testing Facility</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Absorption</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution</td>
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<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metabolism</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excretion</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacokinetic Drug Interactions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Test Article:** (1)

**Notes:**
1. International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
2. There should be one line for each pharmacokinetics report, in the same order as the CTD. Reports that contain a GLP Compliance Statement should be identified in a footnote.
3. The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.
2.2.2.3 Pharmacokinetics: Absorption After a Single Dose

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Gender (M/F) / Number of Animals</th>
<th>Feeding condition</th>
<th>Vehicle / Formulation</th>
<th>Method of Administration</th>
<th>Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Sample (e.g. whole blood, plasma, serum)</th>
<th>Analyte</th>
<th>Assay (2)</th>
<th>PK parameters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional Information: (3)

Notes:  
(1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).  
(2) For example, HPLC, LSC with $^{14}$C-labelled compound.  
(3) For example, brief textual results, species differences, gender differences, dose dependency, or special comments.  
(4) There should be one column for each study conducted. For comparison, representative information on humans at the maximum recommended dose should be indicated.
2.2.2.4 Pharmacokinetics: Absorption after Repeated Doses

(Data can be tabulated as in the format of 2.3, if applicable)
### Format A

2.2.2.5 Pharmacokinetics: Organ Distribution

**Test Article:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location in CTD: Vol.</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Study No.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Species**

**Gender (M/F)/Number of animals:**

**Feeding Condition:**

**Vehicle/Formulation:**

**Method of Administration:**

**Dose (mg/kg):**

**Radionuclide:**

**Specific Activity:**

**Sampling time:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration (unit)</th>
<th>T(1)</th>
<th>T(2)</th>
<th>T(3)</th>
<th>T(4)</th>
<th>T(5)</th>
<th>T ½</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Tissues/organs**

**Additional Information:**

\(^1\) [Tissue]/[Plasma]
## 2.6.5.5 Pharmacokinetics: Organ Distribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tissues/organs</th>
<th>( C_t ) conc.</th>
<th>( T/P )</th>
<th>( C_t ) conc.</th>
<th>( T/P )</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>AUC</th>
<th>( t_{1/2?} )</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Other information:

1) [Tissue]/[Plasma]
2.2.2.6 Pharmacokinetics: Plasma Protein Binding

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Conc. Tested</th>
<th>% Bound</th>
<th>Study No.</th>
<th>Location in CTD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Additional Information:
### 2.2.2.7 Pharmacokinetics: Study in Pregnant or Nursing Animals (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Article: (2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Location in CTD:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Study No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Placental transfer

**Species:**

**Gestation day/Number of animals:**

**Vehicle/Formulation:**

**Method of Administration:**

**Dose (mg/kg):**

**Analyte:**

**Assay:**

**Time (hr):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration /Amount (% of dose)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dam (3):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fetus (3):</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Information:**

#### Excretion into milk

**Species:**

**Lactating date/Number of animals:**

**Feeding condition:**

**Vehicle/Formulation:**

**Method of Administration:**

**Dose (mg/kg):**

**Analyte:**

**Assay:**

**Time [hr]:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Milk:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plasma:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk/plasma:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neonates:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Information:**
Notes for Table 2.6.5.7

(1)' Even if the data are obtained in reproduction toxicology studies, they should be presented in this table.
(2)' International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
(3)' The tissue sampled should be described (e.g., plasma foe dams, fetal concentrations).
2.2.2.8 Pharmacokinetics: Other Distribution Study

Test Article:
### 2.2.2.9 Pharmacokinetics: Metabolism In Vivo

**Test Article:**

**Gender (M/F)/Number of animals:**

**Feeding condition:**

**Vehicle/Formulation:**

**Method of Administration:**

**Dose (mg/kg):**

**Radionuclide:**

**Specific Activity:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Sample</th>
<th>Sampling Time or Period</th>
<th>% of Dose in Sample</th>
<th>% of Compound in Sample</th>
<th>Location in CTD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Information:**

*Note: Human data should be included for comparison if available.*
### 2.2.2.10 Pharmacokinetics: Metabolism In Vitro

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compounds</th>
<th>Parent</th>
<th>M-1</th>
<th>M-2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Study system:**

**Time**

| Concentration: |       |       |       |       |       |

**Additional Information:**

*Note: Human data should be included for comparison if available.*
2.2.11 Pharmacokinetics: Possible Metabolic Pathways

(Illustrate possible metabolic map indicating species in which metabolic reactions occur.)
2.2.2.12 Pharmacokinetics: Induction/Inhibition of Drug-Metabolizing Enzymes

Test Article:

Location in CTD: Vol. Page
Study No.

Note: Nonclinical studies only.

Type of study:

Method:

Tabulated results:

Additional Information:
### 2.2.2.13 Pharmacokinetics: Excretion

#### Test Article: (1)

| Species | Gender (M/F)/Number of animals | Feeding condition | Vehicle/Formulation | Method of Administration | Dose (mg/kg) | Analyte | Assay | Excretion route (4) | Time | Urine | Feces | Total | Urine | Feces | Total | Urine | Feces | Total | Urine | Feces | Total |
|---------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------|-------|-------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|         |                                |                   |                     |                          |              |         |       |                   |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

#### Study number

#### Location in CTD

#### Additional Information: (2)

### Notes:

1. **International Nonproprietary Name (INN)**
   - For example, brief textual results, species differences, gender differences, dose dependency, or special comments.
2. **Notes:**
   - For example, brief textual results, species differences, gender differences, dose dependency, or special comments.
3. **Study number**
   - For comparison, representative information on humans at the maximum recommended dose should be included. Can be combined with the Absorption Table if appropriate.
4. **Other routes (e.g., biliary, respiratory)** should be added, if performed.
2.2.2.14 Pharmacokinetics: Excretion into Bile

Test Article:

[Data can be tabulated as in the format of 2.6.5.13 if applicable.]
2.2.2.15 Pharmacokinetics: Drug-Drug Interactions

Type of study:

Method:

Tabulated results:

Additional Information:
2.2.2.16 Pharmacokinetics: Other

Test Article:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location in CTD</th>
<th>Vol.</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Study No.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Type of study:

Method:

Tabulated results:

Additional Information:
## 2.3.2 Toxicology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Study</th>
<th>Species and Strain</th>
<th>Method of Administration</th>
<th>Duration of Dosing</th>
<th>Doses (mg/kg)</th>
<th>GLP Testing</th>
<th>Compliance</th>
<th>Facility</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single-Dose Toxicity</td>
<td>(2)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeat-Dose Toxicity</td>
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<td>Genotoxicity</td>
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<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity</td>
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<td>Local Tolerance</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Toxicity Studies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. *International Nonproprietary Name (INN).*
2. There should be one line for each toxicology report, in the same order as the CTD.
3. The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.

- Unless otherwise specified. For Repeat-Dose Toxicity, the highest No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) is underlined.
2.3.2.2 Overview of Toxicokinetics Studies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Method of GLP Study Location</th>
<th>Test Type of Study</th>
<th>System Administration</th>
<th>Doses (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Compliance</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Vol.</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

(1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
(2) There should be one line for each toxicokinetics report, in the same order as the CTD (section 3, Toxicology).
(3) The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.
2.3.2.3 Toxicokinetics

Overview of Toxicokinetics Data

Test Article: '(1)

Notes: '(1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

(2) A one- to three-page summary (tables and/or figures) of steady state toxicokinetic data should be prepared in a format that facilitates comparisons across species, including humans.
## 2.3.2.4 Toxicology

**Drug Substance**

**Test Article:** *(1)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Batch No.</th>
<th>Purity (%)</th>
<th>Specified Impurities</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
<th>Type of Study</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PROPOSED</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SPECIFICATION:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>(2)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:** *(1)* International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

*(2)* All batches used in the Toxicology studies should be listed in approximate chronological order.

*(3)* The Toxicology studies in which each batch was used should be identified.
### 2.3.2.5 Single-Dose Toxicity (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species/Strain</th>
<th>Method of Administration (Vehicle/Formulation)</th>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Observed Maximum Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Nonlethal Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Lethal Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Noteworthy Findings</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Notes:**
(1) All single-dose toxicity studies should be summarized, in the same order as the CTD. Footnotes should be used to indicate special features, such as unusual duration, infusion rate, or age of test subjects.
(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
### 2.3.2.6 Repeat-Dose Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species/Strain</th>
<th>Method of Administration</th>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Duration of Dosing (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Doses per Group (mg/kg)</th>
<th>NOAEL&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt; (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Noteworthy Findings</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Notes:**

1. All repeat-dose toxicity studies (including all range-finding toxicity studies), other than the definitive GLP studies specified by ICH Guidance M3 Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials for Pharmaceuticals (November 1997), should be summarized in the same order as the CTD. Footnotes should be used to indicate special features, such as unusual age of test subjects.

2. **International Nonproprietary Name (INN).**

<sup>a</sup> - No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
### 2.3.2.7 (1) Repeat-Dose Toxicity (2) - Test Article: (3)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species/Strain:</th>
<th>Duration of Dosing:</th>
<th>Study No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initial Age:</td>
<td>Duration of Postdose:</td>
<td>Location in CTD:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of First Dose:</td>
<td>Method of Administration:</td>
<td>Vol. Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle/Formulation:</td>
<td>GLP Compliance:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Special Features:**

No Observed Adverse Effect Level:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>0 (Control)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Animals</td>
<td>M: F: M: F: M: F:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicokinetics: AUC ( ) (4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Noteworthy Findings

- Died or Sacrificed Moribund
- Body Weight (%a)
- Food Consumption (%a)
- Water Consumption ( )
- Clinical Observations
- Ophthalmoscopy
- Electrocardiography

- No noteworthy findings.
- + Mild
- ++ Moderate
- +++ Marked

(a) - At end of dosing period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

(1) - (7)

(4) - p<0.05

(5) - p<0.01

- 46 -
2.3.2.7 (1) Repeat-Dose Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>0 (Control)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Animals</td>
<td>M: F: M: F: M: F:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hematology

Serum Chemistry

Urinalysis

Organ Weights\(^a\)(%)

Gross Pathology

Histopathology

Additional Examinations

Postdose Evaluation:
Number Evaluated
(8) (9)

- No noteworthy findings.

(7) \(^*\) - p<0.05 \(^**\) - p<0.01

a - Both absolute and relative weights differed from controls in the direction indicated. Number indicates percent difference for the absolute organ weights.
Notes for Table 2.6.7.7

(1) The tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.7A, 2.6.7.7B, and 2.6.7.7C).

(2) There should be one table for each of the repeat-dose toxicity studies specified by ICH Guidance M3 Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials for Pharmaceuticals (November 1997), as well as any other repeat-dose toxicity studies that could be considered pivotal.

(3) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

(4) Steady state AUC, Cmax, Css, or other toxicokinetic information supporting the study. If from a separate study, the study number should be given in a footnote.

(5) ONLY NOTEWORTHY FINDINGS SHOULD BE PRESENTED. IF additional parameters (other than those in the template) showed noteworthy changes, these should be added to the tables. In general, data at end of dosing period can be shown; however, if there were additional noteworthy findings at earlier timepoints, these should be included. Footnotes should be used as needed to provide additional information about the tests or the results.

(6) Or other scale, as appropriate.

(7) Methods of statistical analyses should be indicated.

(8) All parameters that still show drug-related changes should be listed. This section should be deleted if the study does not include a postdose evaluation.

(9) When appropriate, information on animals that were necropsied early should be presented separately.
## 2.3.2.8 (1) Genotoxicity: In Vitro

**Report Title:**

**Test Article:** (2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test for Induction of:</th>
<th>No. of Independent Assays:</th>
<th>Study No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strains:</td>
<td>No. of Replicate Cultures:</td>
<td>Location in CTD: Vol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metabolizing System:</td>
<td>No. of Cells Analyzed/Culture</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicles: For Test Article:</td>
<td>For Positive Controls:</td>
<td>GLP Compliance:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treatment:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Date of Treatment:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cytotoxic Effects:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxic Effects:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Concentration or Metabolic Test Dose Level**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activation</th>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Without</th>
<th>With</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

(1) *The tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.8A, 2.6.7.8B). Results of replicate assays should be shown on subsequent pages.*

(2) *International Nonproprietary Name (INN).*

(3) *Units should be inserted.*

(4) *If precipitation is observed, this should be indicated in a footnote.*

(5) *Methods of statistical analyses should be indicated.*

(5) * - p<0.05  ** - p<0.01
### THE ASEAN COMMON TECHNICAL DOSSIER - NONCLINICAL DATA

#### 2.3.2.9 (1) Genotoxicity: In Vivo

**Test for Induction of:**

- Treatment Schedule:
- Sampling Time:
- Method of Administration:
- Vehicle/Formulation:

**Species/Strain:**
- Location in CTD: Vol. Page
- GLP Compliance:
- Date of Dosing:

**Cells Evaluated:**

**No. of Cells Analyzed/Animal:**

**Special Features:**

**Toxic/Cytotoxic Effects:**

**Genotoxic Effects:**

**Evidence of Exposure:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Article</th>
<th>Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>No. of Animals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

1. The tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.9A, 2.6.7.9B).
2. International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
3. Methods of statistical analyses should be indicated.

(3) * - p<0.05   ** - p<0.01
2.3.2.10 (1) Carcinogenicity

Report Title:

Test Article: (2)

Species/Strain:
Initial Age:
Date of First Dose:
Basis for High-Dose Selection: (3)
Special Features:

Daily Dose (mg/kg)

Gender


Toxicokinetics: AUC ( ) (4)

Number of Animals

At Start
Died/Sacrificed Moribund
Terminal Sacrifice

Survival (%) (5)

Body Weight (%a)
Food Consumption (%a)

(6) * - p<0.05  ** - p<0.01

a - At 6 months. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)
### 2.3.2.10 (1) Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>(Control)</th>
<th>0 (Control)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Animals with Neoplastic Lesions:</td>
<td>(7)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Noteworthy Findings:**
- Gross Pathology
- Histopathology - Non-Neoplastic Lesions

* - p<0.05  ** - p<0.01

At 6 months. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).
Notes for Table 2.6.7.10

(1) Tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.10A, 2.6.7.10B). There should be one table for each carcinogenicity study.

(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

(3) From ICH Guidance SIC Dose Selection for Carcinogenicity Studies of Pharmaceuticals (March 1995).

(4) Steady state AUC, Cmax, Css, or other toxicokinetic information supporting the study. If the information is from a separate study, the Study Number should be given in a footnote.

(5) If additional parameters showed drug-related changes, these should be added to the tables. Footnotes should be used as needed to provide additional information about the tests or the results.

(6) Methods of statistical analysis should be indicated.

(7) Drug-related lesions should be listed first. Then other lesions should be listed by alphabetically ordered organs and/or tissues.
### 2.3.2.11 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity Nonpivotal Studies (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species/Strain</th>
<th>Method of Administration</th>
<th>Dosing</th>
<th>Doses (mg/kg)</th>
<th>No. per Group</th>
<th>Noteworthy Findings</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

1. All reproduction toxicity studies (including all relevant range-finding studies), other than the definitive GLP studies specified by M3 Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials for Pharmaceuticals, November 1997, should be summarized in. However, investigative studies should be summarized using a more detailed template.

2. *International Nonproprietary Name (INN).*
2.3.2.12 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity -
Fertility and Early Embryonic Development to Implantation (3)

Report Title:
Test Article: (2)

Study Design: Duration of Dosing: M:
Species/Strain: Day of Mating: (8)F:
Initial Age: Location in CTD: Vol. Page
Date of First Dose: Day of C-Section:
Special Features: Method of Administration:

No Observed Adverse Effect Level:
F0 Males: GLP Compliance:
F0 Females: No Observed Adverse Effect Level:
F1 Litters: F0 Females:

Daily Dose (mg/kg) 0 (Control)
F1 Litters:

Males Toxicokinetics: AUC ( ) (4)
No. Evaluated
No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund
Clinical Observations
Necropsy Observations
Body Weight (%a)
Food Consumption (%a)
Mean No. Days Prior to Mating

No. of Males that Mated

(5) No. of Fertiles Males

- No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++ Moderate +++ Marked (6)
(7)* - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01
a - After 4 weeks of dosing. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)
THE ASEAN COMMON TECHNICAL DOSSIER - NONCLINICAL DATA

2.3.2.12 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Daily Dose (mg/kg)  
0  (Control)

Females  
Toxicokinetics: AUC ( ) (4)

No. Evaluated
No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund
Clinical Observations
Necropsy Observations
Premating Body Weight (%a)
Gestation Body Weight (%a)
Premating Food Consumption (%a)
Gestation Food Consumption (%a)
Mean No. Estrous Cycles/14 days
Mean No. Days Prior to Mating
No. of Females Sperm Positive
No. of Pregnant Females
No. Aborted or with Total Resorption of Litter
Mean No. Corpora Lutea
Mean No. Implantations
Mean % Preimplantation Loss
Mean No. Live Conceptuses
Mean No. Resorptions
No. Dead Conceptuses
Mean % Postimplantation Loss

* - No noteworthy findings.  + Mild  ++ Moderate  +++ Marked  (6)
7)* - p<0.05  ** - p<0.01

a - At end of premating or gestation period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).
THE ASEAN COMMON TECHNICAL DOSSIER - NONCLINICAL DATA

Notes for Tables 2.6.7.12, 2.6.7.13 and 2.6.7.14

(1) If there are multiple studies of this type, the tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.12A, 2.6.7.12B, 2.6.7.13A, 2.6.7.13B).

(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN)

(3) If a modified study design is used, tables should be modified accordingly.

(4) Steady state AUC, $C_{\text{max}}$, or other toxicokinetic information supporting the study. If the information is from a separate study, the study number should be given in a footnote.

(5) POSSIBLE PRESENTATIONS OF THE RESULTS ARE SHOWN IN THESE TEMPLATES. DATA PRESENTATION SHOULD BE FLEXIBLE AND APPROPRIATE ACCORDING TO OPTIMAL STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND THE DESIGN OF THE STUDY. If additional parameters showed drug-related changes, these should be added to the tables. Footnotes should be used as needed to provide additional information about the tests or the results.

(6) Or other scale as appropriate.

(7) Methods of statistical analysis should be indicated.

(8) Day of mating should be indicated (e.g., Day 0 or Day 1)
2.3.2.13 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity - Effects on Embryofetal Development

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study Design:</th>
<th>Duration of Dosing:</th>
<th>Study No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species / Strain:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Age:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of First Dose:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Features:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Observed Adverse Effect Level:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fo Females:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1 Litters:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</td>
<td>0 (Control)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dams / Does:</td>
<td>Toxicokinetics: AUC ( ) (4)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No. Pregnant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No. Aborted or with Total Resorption of Litter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clinical Observations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Necropsy Observations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Body Weight (%)a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Food Consumption (%)a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean No. Corpora Lutea</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean No. Implantations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean % Preimplantation Loss</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No noteworthy findings.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- + Mild
- ++ Moderate
- +++ Marked
- G = Gestation day

- p<0.05
- ** p<0.01

*At end of dosing period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)
### 2.3.2.13 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

#### Study No. (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>0 (Control)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Litters:</td>
<td>No. Litters Evaluated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No. Live Fetuses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean No. Resorptions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No. of Litters with Dead Fetuses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean % Postimplantation Loss</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean Fetal Body Weight (g)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fetal Sex Ratios</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fetal Anomalies:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gross External</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Visceral Anomalies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skeletal Anomalies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Affected Fetuses (Litters)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- No noteworthy findings
  * - p < 0.05  ** - p < 0.01
2.3.2.14 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity - Effects on Pre- and Postnatal Development, Including Maternal Function (3)  

Report Title:  
Test Article: (2)  

Study Design:  
Duration of Dosing:  
Study No.  

Species / Strain:  
Method of Administration:  
Location in CTD: Vol. Page  

Initial Age:  
Vehicle/Formulation:  

Date of First Dose:  
Litters Culled/Not Culled:  
GLP Compliance:  

No Observed Adverse Effect Level:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fo Females:</th>
<th>F1 Males:</th>
<th>F1 Females:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</td>
<td>0 (Control)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fo Females: Toxicokinetics:  
AUC ( ) (4)  

- No. Pregnant  
- No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund  
- No. Aborted or with Total Res. of Litter  

Clinical Observations  
Necropsy Observations  

Gestation Body Weight (%a) (5)  
Lactation Body Weight (%a)  
Gestation Food Consumption (%a)  
Lactation Food Consumption (%a)  
Mean Duration of Gestation (days)  
Abnormal Parturition  

- No noteworthy findings.  
+ Mild ++ Moderate +++ Marked (6)  

G = Gestation day  
L = Lactation Day  

(7)*  
- p<0.05 ** - p<0.01  
a -  
At end of gestation or lactation. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued
### 23.2.14 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Study No.</th>
<th>(Control)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>F1 Litters:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preweaning)</td>
<td>No. Litters Evaluated</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean No. of Implantations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean No. Pups/Litter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean No. Liveborn Pups/Litter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No. of Litters with Stillborn Pups</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Postnatal Survival to Day 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Postnatal Survival to Weaning</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No. of Total Litter Losses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change in Pup Body Weights&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt; (g)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pup Sex Ratios</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pup Clinical Signs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pup Necropsy Observations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **F1 Males:**    |           |           |
| Postweaning)     | No. Evaluated Postweaning Per Litter |   |
|                  | No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund    |   |
|                  | Clinical Observations             |   |
|                  | Necropsy Observations             |   |
|                  | Body Weight Change<sup>b</sup> (g) | |
|                  | Food Consumption (%<sup>c</sup>)  |   |
|                  | Sensory Function                  |   |
|                  | Motor Activity                    |   |
|                  | Learning and Memory               |   |
|                  | Mean No. days Prior to Mating     |   |
|                  | No. of Males that Mated           |   |
|                  | No. of Fertile Males              |   |

- No noteworthy findings.  
+ Mild  
++ Moderate  
+++ Marked

<sup>a</sup> - From birth to weaning  
<sup>b</sup> - From weaning to mating  
<sup>c</sup> - At end of postweaning period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)
### 2.3.2.14 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

#### Study No. (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>0 (Control)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>F1 Females:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Postweaning)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. evaluated Post eaning</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Observations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Necropsy Observations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premating Body Weight Change$^a$ (g)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gestation Body Weight Change (g)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premating Food Consumption (%$^b$)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gestation Food Consumption (%$^b$)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean Age of Vaginal Patency (days)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensory Function</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Activity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learning and Memory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean No. Days Prior to Mating</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. Females Sperm-Positive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Pregnant Females</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean No. Corpora Lutea</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean No. Implantations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean % Preimplantation Loss</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **F2 Litters:** |             |
| Mean No. Live Conceptuses/Litter |         |
| Mean No. Resorptions |         |
| No. of Litter with Dead Conceptuses |         |
| No. Dead Conceptuses |         |
| Mean % Postimplantation Loss |         |
| Fetal Body Weights (g) |         |
| Fetal Sex Ratios (% males) |         |
| Fetal Anomalies |         |

- No noteworthy findings.
+ Mild
++ Moderate
+++ Marked

(6)

(7)*
- p<0.05
** - p<0.01

a - From weaning to mating
b - At end of premating or gestation period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).
### 2.3.2.14 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

**Daily dose (mg/kg)**  
**F1 Females:**  
(Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily dose (mg/kg)</th>
<th>0 (Control)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>F1 Females:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Postweaning)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. evaluated Post eaning</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Observations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Necropsy Observations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premating Body Weight Change (g)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gestation Body Weight Change (g)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premating Food Consumption (%b)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gestation Food Consumption (%ab)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean Age of Vaginal Patency (days)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensory Function</td>
<td>Note: Alternate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Activity</td>
<td>Format for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learning and Memory</td>
<td>Natural</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean No. Days Prior to Mating</td>
<td>Parturition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Females Sperm-Positive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Pregnant Females</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean Duration of Gestation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abnormal Parturition</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F2 Litters:**  
No. Litters Evaluated  
Mean No. of Implantations  
Mean No. Pups/Litter  
Mean No. Liveborn Pups/Litter  
Mean No. Stillborn Pups/Litter  
Postnatal Survival to Day 4  
Postnatal Survival to Weaning  
Change in Pup Body Weightsa (g)  
Pup Sex Ratios  
Pup Clinical Signs  
Pup Necropsy Observations  

- No noteworthy findings.  
+ Mild  
++ Moderate  
+++ Marked  
(6)

(7)* - p<0.05  
** - p<0.01
a - From birth to mating
b - At end of premating or gestation period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species/Strain</th>
<th>Method of Administration</th>
<th>Doses (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Gender and No. per Group</th>
<th>Noteworthy Findings</th>
<th>Study Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Notes:  
(1) All local tolerance studies should be summarized.  
(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
### 2.3.2.17 Local Toxicity Studies (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species/ Strain</th>
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**Notes:**

(1) All local tolerance studies should be summarized.

(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
### ACTD CHECKLIST FOR PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

(ASEAN Common Technical Dossier on Nonclinical Data for Pharmaceutical Registration)

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**Section E. List of Key Literature References**

- NCE - New chemical entity
- Biotech - Biotechnology-derived product
- MaV - Major variation *(Pharmaceutical product that has undergone variation affecting one or more of the following: the route of administration, strength and posology, indications. The submission of additional data is required and necessary to establish the quality, safety and efficacy of the new formulation resulting from the variation)*
- RT - Route of administration
- S/P - Strength and Posology
- IND - Indication
- MiV - Minor Variation *(Pharmaceutical product that has undergone variation affecting one or more of the following: route of administration, strength and posology, indications or active ingredient/s. The submission of additional data is required and necessary to establish the quality of the new formulation resulting from the variation)*
- G - Generic product
- ✧ - Where applicable, i.e. change of route of administration due to change in formulation
- ♦ - Generally inappropriate for biotechnology-derived products, however, product-specific assessment of carcinogenic potential may be needed depending upon duration of clinical dosing, patient population and/or biological activity of the product (e.g. Growth factors, immunosuppressive agents, etc)