





ENGLISH

PanbioTM

COVID-19 Antigen SELF-TEST

For use with nasal swab specimens



Please scan the QR code to access a digital version of the instructions or additional technical support contacts.

INTENDED USE

The Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test is a single-use, in vitro (outside the body) visually read rapid immunoassay that uses a human nasal swab specimen for the qualitative detection of nucleocapsid protein SARS-CoV-2 antigen (Ag). The Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test is intended to be used manually by untrained lay users (self testing) in a private setting to aid in the diagnosis of an active SARS-CoV-2 infection. Children under 14 years should be supported by an adult.

SUMMARY

The novel coronaviruses belong to the β genus. COVID-19 is an acute respiratory infectious disease. People are generally susceptible. Currently, the patients infected by the novel coronavirus are the main source of infection; asymptomatic infected people can also be an infectious source. Based on the current epidemiological investigation, the incubation period is 1 to 14 days, mostly 3 to 7 days. The main manifestations include fever, fatigue and dry cough. Nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat, myalgia and diarrhea are found in a few cases.

TEST PRINCIPLE

The Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test is a lateral flow test that detects the nucleocapsid protein antigen of the Coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 in a swab from the mid turbinate nasal region. The product includes a test device, a bottle with buffer solution, an extraction tube/ cap and a nasal swab. To use the test, buffer solution is added to the extraction tube, then a human nasal specimen is collected using the swab provided in the kit. After sample collection, the nasal swab is transferred to the extraction tube to extract the Coronavirus proteins. Next, 5 drops of extracted sample are applied to the round well on the test device. A line in the Control (C) line area within the result reading window will only become visible if the test was performed correctly. A line in the Test (T) line area within the result reading window will only become visible if Coronavirus proteins are detected. The presence of only a Control (C) line, without visible Test (T) line, indicates the coronavirus proteins are not present.

• 1 Buffer Bottle

• 1 Swab

• 1 Bag

Active ingredients of the test device are antibodies specific to the SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein antigen.

CONTENTS

- 1 Instructions for Use
- 1 Test Device
- 1 Tube
- 1 Blue Cap

Required but not included:

· Timing device

STORAGE and STABILITY

REF 41FK51

- Store the test kit in a cool, dry place (at 2-30 °C). Do not freeze the kit or its
- 2. Do not use the test kit beyond the expiration date as indicated on the outer package.
- 3. Perform the test immediately after removing the Test Device from the protective
- 4. Do not store the test kit in direct sunlight.

WARNINGS and PRECAUTIONS

- 1. For in vitro diagnostic use only.
- 2. Read instructions prior to preforming the test. Follow all instructions to achieve accurate results.
- 3. Do not eat or smoke while handling specimens.
- 4. Wash hands thoroughly before and after the test is completed.
- 5. Clean up spills thoroughly using an appropriate disinfectant.
- 6. Dispose of all specimens, reaction kits and potentially contaminated materials (i.e. Swab, Tube, Test Device) in bag provided.
- 7. Use only the liquid from the Buffer Bottle provided in the kit. Use of other liquids will lead to inaccurate results.
- 8. Keep the test kit out of reach of children.
- 9. To prevent contamination, only touch the sides of the Test Device and ensure the Swab end only touches the nasal cavity and inside of Tube.
- 10. The provided Swab should be used only for nasal (mid-turbinate) specimen collection.
- 11. The Swab, Buffer Bottle and Test Device are single use. Do not reuse.
- 12. Do not dip the Swab into buffer or other liquid before inserting the Swab into the nose.
- 13. The provided Buffer Bottle contains < 0.1% sodium azide as a preservative which may be toxic if ingested. If you get buffer solution into your eyes rinse for at least 15 minutes under running water. If irritation persists, go to a doctor.
- 14. If you have stored the kit in the refrigerator, store the kit at room temperature (15 to 30°C) for 30 minutes before use.
- 15. Do not use the test kit if the pouch is damaged or the seal is broken.
- 16. Direct swab specimen should be tested immediately after collection.

TEST LIMITATIONS

- 1. The contents of this kit are to be used for the qualitative detection of SARS-CoV-2 antigen from nasal swab. Other specimen types may lead to incorrect results and must not be used. Pulmonary infections that are caused by microorganisms other than by SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus are not detected by this test.
- 2. Failure to follow the instructions for test procedure and interpretation of test results may adversely affect test performance and/or produce invalid results.
- 3. A confirmed diagnosis should only be made by a health care professional after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.
- 4. A negative test result may occur if the specimen was collected, extracted or transported improperly. If symptoms continue, you should repeat the test after 1-2 days, as the coronavirus may not be detectable in the very early phases of infection. You are also advised to continue following local guidelines for self-isolation and consult
- 5. Positive test results do not rule out co-infections with other pathogens.
- 6. Reading the test results earlier than 15 minutes or later than 20 minutes may give
- 7. Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test is not intended to detect from defective (non-infectious) virus during the later stages of viral shredding that might be detected by PCR molecular tests.
- 8. Due to cross-reactivity with high concentrations of SARS-CoV, a false positive result may occur in the case of infection with SARS-CoV.
- 9. Wait 24 hours before repeating the test following an invalid result.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What does this test do?

The contents of this kit are to be used for the qualitative detection of SARS-CoV-2 antigen from nasal swab. Other specimen types may lead to incorrect results and must not be used. Pulmonary infections that are caused by microorganisms other than by SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus are not detected by this test.

The Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test is not intended to detect to detect the virus at later stages of the infection which may be detected from Molecular PCR.

The nasal swab may cause slight discomfort. It is important to follow the nasal swab collection steps as indicated in the procedure. Discomfort may occur if the swab is inserted beyond the

recommended depth. If painful, slightly withdraw the swab to finish the sample collection

What is the best time to read the results?

15 minutes.

What are the potential benefits and risks of this test?

Potential benefits

- The test can determine if you have an active COVID-19 infection
- The results, along with other information, can help your healthcare provider make informed decisions about your treatment.
- You can help limit the spread of COVID-19 by knowing your infection status and taking appropriate social distancing measures.

Possible risks:

- Slight discomfort during the nasal sample collection.
- · Possible false test results may occur, if symptoms continue, you should repeat the test after 1-2 days, as the coronavirus may not be detectable in the very early phases of infection. You are also advised to continue following local guidelines for selfisolation and consult your doctor.

What are the differences between a COVID-19 Molecular, Antigen and Antibody test?

There are three main types of COVID-19 tests. Molecular tests (also known as PCR tests) detect the genetic material of the coronavirus. The Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test is an antigen test. Antigen tests detect coronavirus proteins. Antibody tests detect antibodies produced by your body's immune system in response to a previous COVID-19 infection. Antibody tests cannot be used to diagnose an active COVID-19 infection.

How accurate is the Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test?

The Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test has been shown in clinical evaluations, performed by professional health care persons, to correctly identify 99.8% (403 out of 404) of SARS-CoV-2 negative nasal samples with a confidence interval of 98.6% to 100.0% (known as test specificity). The test correctly identified 98.1% (102 out of 104) SARS-CoV-2 positive nasal samples with a confidence interval of 93.2% to 99.8% (known as test sensitivity).

In a clinical evaluation of 483 asymptomatic patients the Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test showed a sensitivity of 93.8% (confidence interval: 79.2% to 99.2%) of SARS-CoV-2 positive samples at lower Ct (cycle threshold, values of \leq 30) which corresponds to higher virus concentrations. In this study, the specificity was 100.0% (433 out of 433) with a confidence interval of 99.2% to 100.0%.

All samples were confirmed positive and negative by a RT-PCR test approved by the US FDA for emergency use.

Which cross-reactivities can occur?

The following 45 cross-reactants and 21 other microorganisms had no impact on the performance of the Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test:

Adenovirus Type 1, 5, 7, and 11, Enterovirus (EV68), Echovirus 2 and 11, Enterovirus D68, Human herpesvirus (HSV) 1 and 2, Mumps Virus Ag, Influenza virus A (H1N1) Strains (A/ Virginia/ATCC1/2009, A/WS/33 and A/California/08/2009/pdm09), Influenza virus B Strain (B/Lee/40), Parainfluenza Type 1, 2, 3 and 4A, Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) type A and B, Rhinovirus A16, HCoV-HKU1, HCoV-NL63, HCoV-OC43, HCoV-229E. MERS-CoV Nucleoprotein, Human Metapneumovirus (hMPV) 16 Type A1, Adenovirus Type 2, 3 and 4, Enterovirus C, Influenza virus A (H3N2) Strain (A/Hong Kong/8/68), Influenza virus A (H5N1), Influenza virus B Strain (Victoria), Rhinovirus 14 and 54, Human cytomegalovirus, Norovirus, Varicella-zoster virus, Measles virus, EB virus, Influenza virus (H7N9), Influenza virus B Strain (Yamagata), Rotavirus, Staphylococcus saprophyticus, Neisseria sp. (Neisseria lactamica), Staphylococcus haemolyticus, Streptococcus salivarius, Hemophilus parahaemolyticus, Proteus vulgaris, Moraxella catarrhalis, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Fusobacterium necrophorum, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Streptococcus pyogenes, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Chlamydia pneumoniae, Haemophilus influenzae, Legionella pneumophila, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Bordetella pertussis, Pneumocytis jirovecci, Pooled human nasal wash.

Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test has cross-reactivity with Human- SARS-coronavirus Nucleoprotein (SARS-CoV) at a concentration of 25 ng/ml or more because SARS-CoV has high homology to the SARS-CoV-2.

Which interferences can occur?

The following 43 potentially interfering substances / factors had no impact on the performance of the Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test:

Mucin, Hemoglobin, Triglycerides, Icteric (Bilirubin), Rheumatoid factor, Anti-nuclear antibody, Pregnant, Guaiacol glyceryl ether, Albuterol, Ephedrine, Chlorpheniramine, Diphenhydramine, Ribavirin, Oseltamivir, Zanamivir, Phenylephrine hydrochloride, Oxymetazolin hydrochloride, Amoxicillin, Acetylsalicylic acid, Ibuprofen, Chlorothiazide, Indapamide, Glimepiride (Sulfonylureas), Acarbose, Ivermectin, Lopinavir, Ritonavir, Chloroquine phosphate, Sodium chloride with preservatives, Beclomethasone, Dexamethasone, Flunisolide, Triamcinolone, Budesonide, Mometasone, Fluticasone, Sulfur, Benzocaine, Menthol, Mupirocin, Tobramycin, Biotin, HAMA.

What does it mean if I have an invalid result?

This may be a result of incorrect test procedure. Wait 24 hours before repeating the test.

What does it mean if I have a positive result?

A positive test result means that proteins of the virus that causes COVID-19 have been found in your nasal swab sample. It is likely that you will need to perform self-isolation at home to prevent the spread of COVID-19. A positive result does not rule out coinfection with other pathogens. Please follow local guidelines for social distancing to limit the spread of the virus and contact your doctor or local health department immediately.

What does it mean if I have a negative result?

A negative test result means that it is unlikely that you have COVID-19 at the time of testing. The test did not detect any antigens in your nasal swab sample, but it is possible that your test gave a false negative test result. False negative test results can be caused by

- The amount of antigen in the swab sample may decrease over the duration of the
- The test may be negative before you develop symptoms.
- The test was not performed per the instructions.
- · Specimen collection, extraction or transport was not preformed correctly.

If symptoms continue, you should repeat the test after 1-2 days, as the coronavirus may not be detectable in the very early phases of infection. You are also advised to continue following local guidelines for self-isolation and consult your doctor.

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GLOSSARY OF SYMBOLS

Store between 2-30°C IVD In vitro diagnostic device Consult instructions for use Use by date \sim Date of manufacture *** Manufacturer Σ Contains sufficient for <n> test $\hat{\mathbb{A}}$



Batch code

STERILE EO Sterilized using ethylene oxide Do not resterilize



Keep dry Keep away from sunlight

Do not use if package is damaged



Die Sonderzulassung des BfArM umfasst nur den genehmigten deutschen Text dieser Gebrauchsanweisung



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Carefully read these instructions prior to using Panbio™ COVID-19 Antigen Self-Test kit to ensure accurate results. Children under 14 should be supported by an adult.

BEFORE STARTING

Wash or sanitize your hands.

Make sure they are dry before starting.

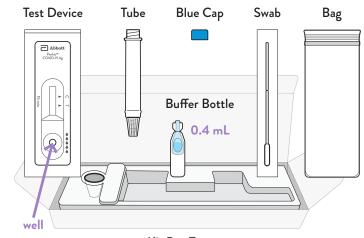


PREPARE FOR THE TEST

- Check the expiration date on the box. Do not use if the kit is expired.
- 2. Ensure kit is at room temperature for at least 30 minutes prior to

Open the box carefully as it will be used in a later step.

Do not open individual components until instructed.



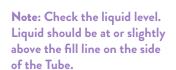
Kit Box Tray

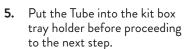
Note: A timing device (clock, timer, etc.) is required, but not provided.

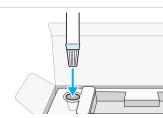
Keep Buffer Bottle upright, twist and pull tab to open bottle.



Squeeze the liquid from the Buffer Bottle into the Tube. You will need to squeeze at least twice.







fill line

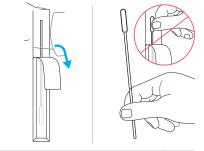
0

Note: Be careful not to spill the Tube contents.

B. COLLECT THE NASAL SAMPLE

- Keep fingers away from the Swab end.
- 6. Open Swab protective package at stick end.

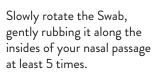
Take Swab out.



2 cm

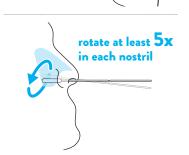
7. Swab both nostrils.

Insert the soft end of the Swab straight back into your nostril until resistance is felt (about 2cm).



Remove Swab from nostril.

Using the same Swab, repeat step 7 in your other nostril.

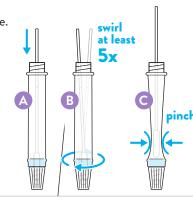


Check: Did you swab BOTH nostrils?

9. Insert the Swab into the Tube.

Swirl in the fluid 5 or more times while pushing against the wall of the Tube.

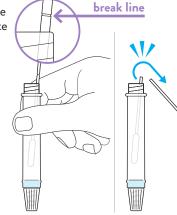
Pinch the Swab tip through the Tube to remove any remaining fluid.



10. Hold the Tube firmly with one hand. Lift the Swab and locate the break line.

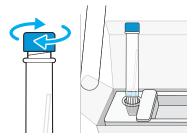
> Snap the Swab handle at the break line.

Leave the Swab in the Tube and discard stick.



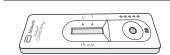
11. Secure the Blue Cap on the top of the Tube.

> Return the Tube to the Kit Box Tray holder before proceeding to the next step.



PERFORM THE TEST

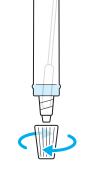
12. Remove the Test Device from its protective package and place on a well-lit, flat surface.



13. Check liquid for bubbles. Wait for any bubbles to disappear as they can lead to inaccurate

Keep Tube vertical with the white cap pointed down.

Remove the white cap.



Do not move the Test Device until the test is finished.

14. Squeeze 5 drops of liquid from the Tube into the well on the Test Device. Secure white cap back on Tube and wait 15 minutes. 5 drops

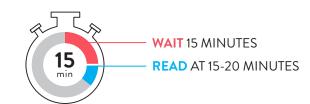
Note: If clogging occurs, gently tap the bottom of the Tube to release the blockage.

Do not touch the Test Device during this period.

15. Keep Test Device flat on table.

Read the result at 15 minutes.

Do not read the result earlier than 15 minutes or after 20 minutes.



Note: A Control (C) line may appear in the result window within a few minutes but a Test (T) line may take as long as 15 minutes

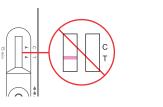
Note: After 20 minutes the result might become inaccurate.

D. READ TEST RESULT

INVALID RESULT (test did not work)

Find the result window. If NO Control (C) line is present, the test

This may be the result of an incorrect test procedure and the test should be repeated.



did not work and is considered Invalid.

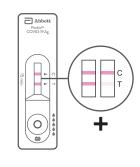
These are examples of invalid tests:



POSITIVE RESULT

Find result window and look carefully for two lines.

Positive Result: If you see two lines, Control (C) line and Test (T) line, this means COVID-19 was detected.



These are examples of positive tests:



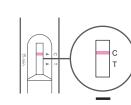
Test (T) line, no matter how faint is a positive result.

If positive, please contact your doctor or local health department immediately and follow local guidelines for self-isolation.

NEGATIVE RESULT

Find result window and look for a single line in window.

Negative Result: If you see only the Control (C) line is present, this means COVID-19 was not detected.



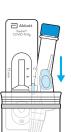
This is an example of a negative test:



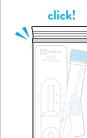
If symptoms continue, you should repeat the test after 1-2 days, as the coronavirus may not be detectable in the very early phases of infection. You are also advised to continue following local guidelines for self-isolation and consult your doctor.

E. DISPOSE THE TEST KIT

16. Place Swab, Tube and Test Device into the Bag.



17. Seal the Bag tightly.



18. Throw away the Bag in waste bin.



