

**Mayzent®**

0.25 mg and 2 mg film-coated tablets (siponimod)

# Physician's Checklist\*

**Important points to remember  
before, during and after  
treatment with Mayzent®**

## **Complete fields or affix patient label**

Patient's name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of birth: \_\_\_\_\_

Patient identification number: \_\_\_\_\_

Treating healthcare professional: \_\_\_\_\_

\* This checklist may be used by physicians, nurses and pharmacists.

# Contents

Introduction to Mayzent® (siponimod)

Therapeutic Indication

Considerations for patient selection

Contraindications

Not recommended

Mayzent® treatment recommendations

Prior to initiating treatment

Treatment initiation schedule

Treatment initiation: recommendations for patients with certain pre-existing cardiac conditions

During treatment

After discontinuation

Further information

3

3

3

3

3

4

4

5

6

7

7

8

## Adverse event reporting

Adverse events associated with Mayzent® can be reported to the Vigilance and Compliance Branch, Health Products Regulation Group, Health Sciences Authority at Tel: (65) 6866 1111, or report online at <https://www.hsa.gov.sg/adverse-events>

Adverse events should also be reported to Novartis – Tel: (65) 6019 6483 or email: [patientsafety.sg@novartis.com](mailto:patientsafety.sg@novartis.com) or visiting <https://www.novartis.com/report>

# Introduction

This checklist provides essential information on important risks associated with Mayzent® treatment and the activities required to minimise these risks.

A Patient and caregiver guide, and a Pregnancy reminder card for Women of childbearing potential have also been developed as part of the risk minimisation plan, and may be used to inform your discussion with the patient.

It is advised that this checklist is read alongside the approved Singapore package insert (PI) of Mayzent®.

- Severe liver impairment (Child-Pugh class C)
- In the previous 6 months had a myocardial infarction (MI), unstable angina pectoris, stroke/transient ischaemic attack (TIA), decompensated heart failure (requiring inpatient treatment), or New York Heart Association (NYHA) class III/IV heart failure
- A history of second-degree Mobitz type II atrioventricular (AV) block, third-degree AV block, sino-atrial heart block or sick-sinus syndrome, if they do not wear a pacemaker
- A homozygous CYP2C9\*3 (CYP2C9\*3\*3) genotype (poor metaboliser)
- Become pregnant and in women of childbearing potential not using effective contraception

## Not recommended

Treatment with Mayzent® is not recommended in the following patients. Consider Mayzent® only after performing risk/benefit analysis and consulting a cardiologist to determine the most appropriate monitoring strategy and possibility of switch to a non-heart rate lowering drug before initiation of treatment.

- History of symptomatic bradycardia or recurrent syncope,
- Uncontrolled hypertension,
- Severe untreated sleep apnoea
- QTc prolongation > 500 msec
- Taking the following medications at treatment indication
  - class Ia (e.g. quinidine, procainamide) or class III (e.g. amiodarone, sotalol) antiarrhythmic drugs
  - calcium channel blockers (e.g. verapamil, diltiazem)
  - other medications (e.g. ivabradine or digoxin) which are known to decrease the heart rate

# Therapeutic indication

Mayzent® is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) with active disease evidenced by relapses or imaging features of inflammatory activity.

# Considerations for patient selection

## Contraindications

Mayzent® is contradicted in patients who have:

- Hypersensitivity to the active substance, or to peanut, soya or to any of the excipients listed in the Package Insert
- Immunodeficiency syndrome
- History of progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML) or cryptococcal meningitis (CM)
- Active malignancies

# Mayzent® treatment recommendations

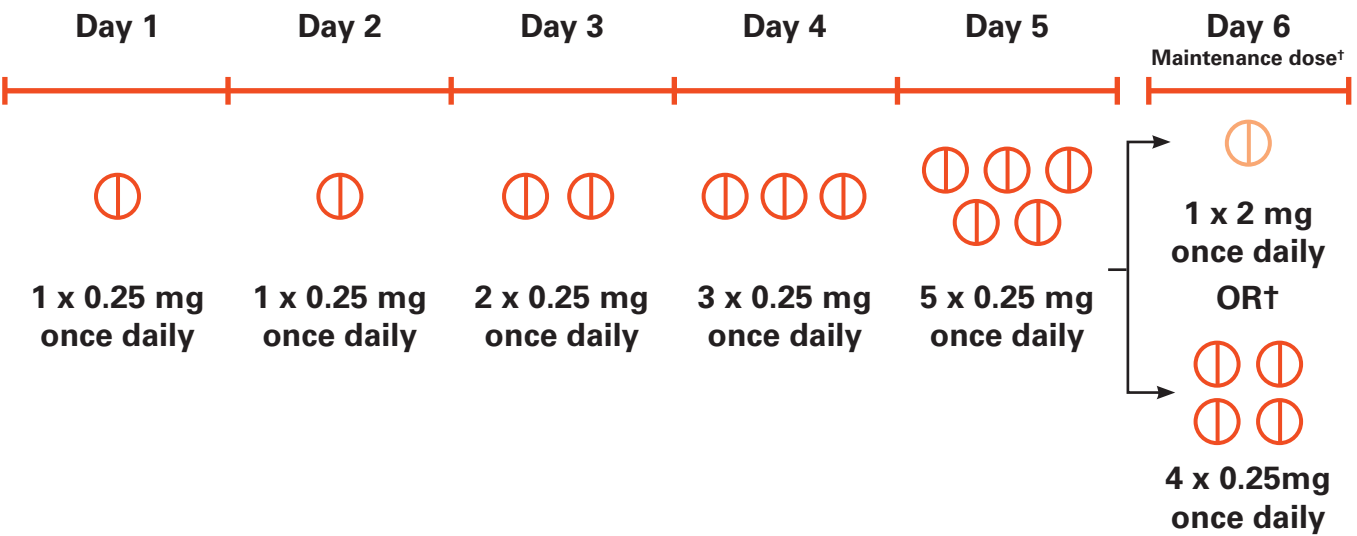
The checklists and schematic that follow are intended to assist in the management of patients on Mayzent®. Key steps and considerations while initiating, continuing or discontinuing treatment are provided.

## Prior to initiating treatment

- ☐ Be aware of the contraindications and recommendations for non-treatment with Mayzent® when selecting appropriate patients who may benefit from the treatment
- ☐ Identify the CYP2C9 genotype of the patient to determine the correct Mayzent® maintenance dose. Genotyping can be conducted using a PCR assay based method identifying variant alleles for CYP2C9\*2 and \*3. For further clarification, please refer to your local laboratory
  - Patients with CYP2C9\*3\*3 should not receive Mayzent®
  - Patients with CYP2C9\*1\*3 or CYP2C9\*2\*3 should receive the 1 mg maintenance dose (following the titration schedule)
  - All other patients (CYP2C9 \*1\*1, \*1\*2, \*2\*2) can receive 2 mg (following the titration schedule)
- ☐ Check vitals and conduct a baseline electrocardiogram (ECG) in patients with a history of sinus bradycardia (heart rate [HR] <55 bpm), first or second-degree (Mobitz type I) AV block, or history of myocardial infarction or heart failure without contraindications to Mayzent® treatment
- ☐ Caution should be taken/exercised in elderly patients with multiple comorbidities, or advanced disease/disability (due to possible increased risks of events such as infections or bradyarrhythmia during treatment initiation)
- ☐ Check availability of a recent complete blood count (CBC) (i.e. within last 6 months or after discontinuation of prior therapy); and transaminase and bilirubin levels (i.e. within last 6 months)
- ☐ Do not initiate of treatment with Mayzent® in patients with severe active infection until infection is resolved.
- ☐ Take caution if patients are concomitantly treated with anti-neoplastic, immunomodulatory or immunosuppressive therapies (including corticosteroids) due to the risk of additive immune system effects.
- ☐ Instruct patients to report signs and symptoms of infections immediately during treatment.
- ☐ Check varicella zoster virus (VZV) antibody status in patients without a physician-confirmed history of varicella or without documentation of a full course of vaccination against VZV. If tested negative, vaccination is recommended and initiation of treatment with Mayzent® should be postponed for 1 month to allow the full effect of vaccination to occur.
- ☐ Counsel patients to report visual disturbances at any time while on treatment
- ☐ Arrange an ophthalmologic evaluation prior to initiating therapy in patients with diabetes mellitus, uveitis or underlying/co-existing retinal disease.
- ☐ Do not initiate treatment in patients with macular oedema until resolution.
- ☐ Perform skin examination and be vigilant for skin malignancies (i.e malignant melanoma).
- ☐ A negative pregnancy test result is required prior to initiation of treatment in women of childbearing potential and must be repeated at suitable intervals.
- ☐ Counsel women of childbearing potential about the serious risks of Mayzent® to the foetus and the need to use effective contraception during treatment and for at least 10 days following discontinuation of treatment. The Pregnancy Reminder Card may be used to facilitate discussion with the patient.
- ☐ **Provide patients with a Patient and Caregiver Guide**
- ☐ **Women of childbearing potential should also be provided with the Pregnancy Reminder Card.**
- ☐ **Be familiar with the Mayzent® Prescribing Information.**
- ☐ **Inform patients of the importance of reporting adverse events to their doctor, pharmacist or nurse.**

## Treatment initiation schedule

Initiation of treatment with Mayzent® results in a transient decrease in heart rate. For this reason, a 5-day up-titration scheme is required before a maintenance dose of 2 mg once daily can be achieved from Day 6 onwards (see figure). A titration pack containing 12 film-coated tablets in a wallet should be provided. In patients with a CYP2C9\*1\*3 or CYP2C9\*2\*3 genotype, the recommended maintenance dose is 1 mg once daily (starting on Day 6). Titration and maintenance doses can be taken with or without food.



†Maintenance dose is dependent on the patient’s genotype test

## Important information

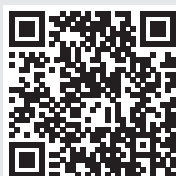
If a dose is missed on any day during the first 6 days of treatment, repeat the titration schedule with a new titration pack. Similarly, if treatment (maintenance dose) is interrupted for 4 or more consecutive days, treatment must be re-initiated with a new titration pack.





## Further information

For more detailed guidance on Mayzent®, please refer to the full package insert.



Mayzent is a registered trademark of Novartis Pharma AG



**Novartis (Singapore) Pte Ltd**  
20 Pasir Panjang Road,  
#10-25/28 Mapletree Business City,  
Singapore 117439  
Phone: +65 6722 6010 • Fax: +65 6323 4335 • [www.novartis.com](http://www.novartis.com)

*This document has been approved by HSA as of 10-12-2025.  
Job Code: FA-11537653  
Date of approval: 12th Dec 2025  
Version 7.2 | Printed Dec 2025*