



TECENTRIQ®

is a prescription medicine used in the treatment of



LUNG CANCER

- Small cell lung cancer (SCLC) and
- Non small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)



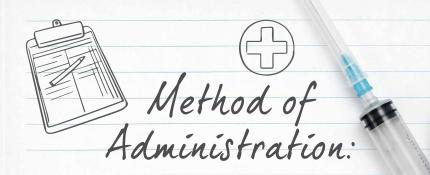
TRIPLE NEGATIVE BREAST CANCER (TNBC)

(whose tumors have PD-L1 expression ≥1%)



LIVER CANCER (HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA) (HCC)

TECENTRIQ® may be used alone or in combinations with other medications. Your physician will advise the treatment.





TECENTRIO® is available as two different formulations: 1. for intravenous infusion and 2. for subcutaneous injection under the supervision of a qualified healthcare professional.

The initial dose of TECENTRIQ® IV must be administered over 60 minutes. If the first infusion is tolerated, all subsequent infusions may be administered over 30 minutes. TECENTRIQ® SC formulation is not intended for intravenous administration and must be given by subcutaneous injection only. It is given as an subcutaneous injection over approximately 7 minutes.



The recommended dose of TECENTRIQ® in monotherapy or combination therapy is:

840 mg administered by administered by IV infusion

every 2 weeks

1200 mg IV infusion

every 3 weeks

administered by IV infusion every 4 weeks

1875 mg administered by SC injection only every 3 weeks

Your physician will be advising on the appropriate dose for you.



WHAT IS THE MOST IMPORTANT INFORMATION **ABOUT TECENTRIQ®?**



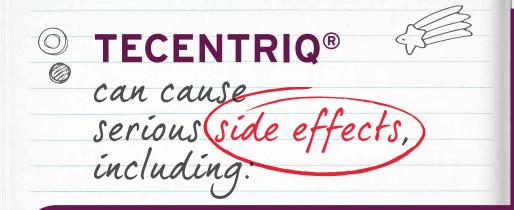
TECENTRIQ® can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in many areas of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become serious or life-threatening and can lead to death.



Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious. Your healthcare provider may treat you with corticosteroids or hormone replacement medicines. Your healthcare provider may delay or completely stop treatment with TECENTRIQ® if you have severe side effects.



Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you get any symptoms of the following problems or these symptoms get worse.



- LUNG PROBLEMS (PNEUMONITIS) signs and symptoms may include new or worsening cough, shortness of breath, and chest pain
- LIVER PROBLEMS (HEPATITIS) signs and symptoms of hepatitis may include yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting, pain on the right side of your stomach area (abdomen), drowsiness, dark urine (tea colored), bleeding or bruising more easily than normal, and feeling less hungry than usual
- INTESTINAL PROBLEMS (COLITIS) signs and symptoms of colitis may include diarrhea (loose stools) or more bowel movements than usual, blood in your stools or dark, tarry, sticky stools, and severe stomach area (abdomen) pain or tenderness
- HORMONE GLAND PROBLEMS (ESPECIALLY THE PITUITARY, THYROID, ADRENAL GLANDS, AND PANCREAS) signs and symptoms that your hormone glands are not working properly may include headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches, extreme tiredness, weight gain or weight loss, dizzines or fainting, feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual, hair loss, changes in mood or behavior (such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness), feeling cold, constipation, your voice gets deeper, urinating more often than usual, nausea or vomiting, and stomach area (abdomen) pain

- NERVOUS SYSTEM PROBLEMS (NEUROPATHIES, MYELITIS AND MENINGOENCEPHALITIS) signs and symptoms of nervous system problems may include abnormal sensations such as numbness, coldness or burning, bladder and bowel problems. weakness in the arm and leg muscles, or face muscles, double vision, difficulties with speech and chewing, pain, stiffness, and tingling in your hands and feet
- INFLAMMATION OF THE EYES signs and symptoms may include eye pain or redness, blurry vision, double vision, or other vision problems
- MUSCLE INFLAMMATION (MYOSITIS) inflammation or damage of the muscles; muscle pain and weakness
- **SEVERE INFECTIONS** signs and symptoms may include fever, flulike symptoms, cough, pain when urinating and frequent urination
- INFLAMMATION OF THE PANCREAS (PANCREATITIS) symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and fever
- INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEY (NEPHRITIS) symptoms may include swelling of the body, burning sensation during urination, blood in urine, pain in pelvis
- INFLAMMATION OF THE HEART MUSCLE (MYOCARDITIS, PERICARDIAL DISORDER) symptoms may include chest pain which could worsen with deep breathing, shortness of breath, irregular heartbeat, decreased exercise tolerance, swelling of the ankles, legs or abdomen, cough, fatigue, fainting
- **INFUSION REACTIONS** signs and symptoms of infusion reactions may include chills or shaking, itching or rash, flushing, shortness of breath or wheezing, dizziness, fever, feeling like passing out, back or neck pain, and swelling of your face or lips (during or within 1 day of infusion)
- HAEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS build up of certain white blood cells (histiocytes and lymphocytes) in various organs

Before you receive TECENTRIQ®, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- Have an autoimmune disease (a condition where the body attacks its own cells, examples include autoimmune thyroid disease, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), Sjogren's syndrome, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, vasculitis, glomerulonephritis.)
- Have been told that your cancer has spread to your brain
- Have any history of inflammation of your lungs (pneumonitis)
- Have or had chronic viral infection of the liver, including hepatitis B (HBV) or hepatitis C (HCV)
- Have human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)
- Experienced serious side effects because of other antibody therapies that help vour immune system to fight cancer.

- Have been given medicines to stimulate your immune system such as interferons or interleukin-2 as these medicines may worsen the side effects of TECENTRIQ®.
- Have been given medicines to suppress your immune system such as corticosteroids, since these medicines may interfere with the effect of TECENTRIO®.
- Have been given a live, attenuated vaccine such as influenza intranasal vaccine, yellow fever vaccine
- Are pregnant or intend to become pregnant
- TECENTRIQ® can harm your unborn baby
- If you are able to become pregnant, you should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for at least 5 months after the last dose of TECENTRIO®
- Are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed
- It is not known if TECENTRIQ® passes into your breastmilk
- Do not breastfeed during treatment

Inform your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the counter medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements. You should not start any other medicines during your treatment without talking to your doctor first.

If you develop any signs or symptoms listed on brochure or if you notice any signs or symptoms not listed here, please contact your doctor immediately. Getting medical treatment early may stop the problem from becoming more serious.

Please contact your Oncologist for more information.





Notes	
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SAFETY REPORTING FOR POTENTIAL UNDESIRABLE EFFECTS: Please report any adverse events to the local Roche Adverse Event email at singapore.drugsafety@roche.com or call (65) 6735 0550. This will enable Roche to better understand the safety of TECENTRIO®, and to provide appropriate information to Health Authorities, Healthcare Providers and patients.

Reference: TECENTRIO® Prescribing Information updated June 2024.

This document has been approved by HSA as 27/06/2024



